

## ORDINANCE #64

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING ORDINANCE NO. 17 OF MILFORD TOWNSHIP; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; IMPOSING A TAX OF 1% OF THE VALUE OF REAL ESTATE TRANSFERRED BY ANY DEED, INSTRUMENT OF WRITING WHICH CONVEYS, TRANSFERS, DEMISES, VESTS, CONFIRMS OR EVIDENCES ANY TRANSFER, OR DEMISE OF TITLE TO ANY REAL ESTATE LOCATED IN MILFORD TOWNSHIP; SETTING FORTH CERTAIN EXEMPT TRANSACTIONS AND CERTAIN EXEMPT PARTIES; PROVIDING FOR THE USE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA REALTY TRANSFER TAX STATEMENT OF VALUE TO DENOMINATE ANY EXEMPT PARTY OR TRANSACTION AND TO SET FORTH THE VALUE OF THE REAL ESTATE TRANSFERRED; PROVIDING FOR THE PAYMENT OF TAX; PROVIDING THAT WHEN A REAL ESTATE COMPANY BECOMES AND "ACQUIRED COMPANY" UPON CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP, UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, IT SHALL FILE A DECLARATION OF ACQUISITION WITH THE RECORDER OF DEEDS AND PAY THE TAX IMPOSED UNDER THE ORDINANCE; PROVIDING CERTAIN CREDITS AGAINST THE TAX FOR TAX PREVIOUSLY PAID ON A TRANSFER BY A LICENSED REAL ESTATE BROKER OR BUILDER IN EXCHANGE FOR THE PURCHASE OF ANOTHER OR UNOCCUPIED RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY; PROVIDING THAT THE DETERMINATION BY THE PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AS TO THE TAXABILITY AND AMOUNT OF TAX OF A TRANSACTION SHALL BE APPLIED TO THIS ORDINANCE; PROVIDING FOR THE PRIORITY OF THE TAX OUT OF THE PROCEEDS OF A JUDICIAL SALE; SETTING FORTH CERTAIN DUTIES OF THE RECORDER OF DEEDS; IMPOSING A CIVIL PENALTY AND A LIEN; PROVIDING FOR ENFORCEMENT RULES AND REGULATIONS, SEVERABILITY, A REPEALER OF INCONSISTENT PRIOR LEGISLATION; AND SETTING FORTH AN EFFECTIVE DATE

WHEREAS, it is necessary in the judgment of the Supervisors of the Township of Milford, County of Bucks and State of Pennsylvania, to impose a tax on the transfer of titles of real estate for general revenue purposes occasioned by increased Township costs and operating expenses; and

WHEREAS, it is estimated that the revenue to be derived from this tax will amount to \$50,000.00.

IT IS HEREBY ORDAINED by the Supervisors of the Township of Milford under the authority of the Local Tax Enabling Act:

SECTION 1. Ordinance No. 17 of the Township of Milford entitled "An Ordinance Providing For The Levy, Assessment And Collection Of A Tax For General Revenue Purposes Under The Authority Of The Local Tax Enabling Act On The Transfer Of Titles Of Real Property Or Any Interest Therein Situated In The Township Of Milford; Imposing The Tax On The Transferee; Providing For Certain Exemptions; Providing That Unpaid Taxes Shall become Liens On The Real Estate Involved; Prohibiting The Recorder Of Deeds From Accepting Instruments Of Transfer When The Tax Has Not Been Paid; Providing For Collection; Providing For Severability; And Setting Forth The Effective Date" is hereby amended to read as follows:

"§1. Short Title. This ordinance shall be known as the "Realty Transfer Tax Ordinance of Milford Township."

"§2. Authority. A realty transfer tax for general revenue purposes is hereby imposed upon the transfer of real estate or interest in real estate situated within Milford Township regardless of where the

documents making the transfer are made, executed or delivered, or where the actual settlements on such transfer took place as authorized by Article XI-D "Local Real Estate Transfer Tax," 72 P.S. § 8101-D et seq and by "The Local Tax Enabling Act", 53 P.S. 6901, et seq.

§3. Definitions.

"Association." A partnership, limited partnership, or any other form of unincorporated enterprise owned or conducted by two or more persons other than a private trust or decedent's estate.

"Township." The Township of Milford, Bucks County, Pennsylvania.

"Corporation." A Corporation, joint-stock association, business trust, or banking institution which is organized under the laws of this Commonwealth, the United States, or any other State, Territory, foreign country or dependency.

"Department." The Department of Revenue of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

"Document." Any deed, instrument or writing which conveys, transfers, demises, vests, confirms or evidences any transfer or demise of title to real estate, but does not include wills, mortgages, deeds of trust or other instruments of like character given as security for a debt and deeds of release thereof to the debtor, land contracts whereby the legal title does not pass to the grantee until the total consideration specified in the contract has been paid or any cancellation thereof unless the consideration is payable over a period of time exceeding thirty years, or instruments which solely grant, vest or confirm a public utility easement. "Document" shall also include a declaration of acquisition required to be presented for recording under § 8 of this ordinance.

"Family Farm Corporation." A Corporation of which at least seventy-five percent (75%) of its assets are devoted to the business of agriculture and at least seventy-five percent (75%) of each class of stock of the corporation is continuously owned by members of the same family. The business of agriculture shall not be deemed to include:

- (1) Recreational activities such as, but not limited to, hunting, fishing, camping, skiing, show competition or racing;
- (2) The raising, breeding or training of game animals or game birds, fish, cats, dogs or pets or animals intended for use in sporting or recreational activities;
- (3) Fur farming;
- (4) Stockyard and slaughterhouse operations; or
- (5) Manufacturing or processing operations of any kind.

"Members of the Same Family." Any individual, such individual's brothers and sisters, the brothers and sisters of such individual's parents and grandparents, the ancestors and lineal descendants of any of the foregoing, a spouse of any of the foregoing, and the estate of any of the foregoing. Individuals related by the half-blood or legal adoption shall be treated as if they were related by the whole blood.

"Person." Every natural person, association, or corporation. Whenever used in any clause prescribing and imposing a fine or imprisonment, or both, the term "person" as applied to associations, shall include the responsible members or general partners thereof, and as applied to corporations, the officers thereof.

"Real Estate." (1) Any land, tenements or hereditaments within the Township, including without limitation buildings, structures, fixtures, mines, minerals, oil, gas, quarries, spaces with or without upper or lower boundaries, trees, and other improvements, immovables or interests which by custom, usage or law pass with a conveyance of land, but excluding permanently attached machinery and equipment in an industrial plant.

(2) A Condominium Unit

(3) A Tenant-Stockholder's interest in a cooperative housing corporation, trust or association under a proprietary lease or occupancy agreement.

"Real Estate Company." A corporation or association which is primarily engaged in the business of holding, selling or leasing real estate, ninety percent (90%) or more of the ownership interest in which is held by thirty-five or fewer persons and which:

(1) derives sixty percent (60%) or more of its annual gross receipts from the ownership or disposition of real estate; or

(2) holds real estate, the value of which comprises ninety percent (90%) or more of the value of its entire tangible asset holdings exclusive of tangible assets which are freely transferable and actively traded on an established market.

"Title to Real Estate." (1) Any interest in real estate which endures for a period of time, the termination of which is not fixed or ascertained by a specific number of years, including without limitation an estate in fee simple, life estate, or perpetual leasehold; or

(2) Any interest in real estate enduring for a fixed period of years but which, either by reason of the length of the term or the grant of a right to extend the term by renewal or otherwise, consists of a group of rights approximating those of an estate in fee simple, life estate or perpetual leasehold, including without limitation a leasehold interest or possessory interest under a lease or occupancy agreement for a term of thirty years or more or a leasehold interest or possessory interest in real estate in which the lessee has equity.

"Transaction." The making, executing, delivering, accepting, or presenting for recording of a document.

"Value." (1) In the case of any bona fide sale of real estate at arm's length for actual monetary worth, the amount of the actual consideration therefor, paid or to be paid, including liens or other encumbrances thereon existing before the transfer and not removed thereby, whether or not the underlying indebtedness is assumed, and ground rents, or a commensurate part thereof where such liens or other encumbrances and ground rents also encumber or are charged against other real estate: Provided, that where such documents shall set forth a nominal consideration, the "value" thereof shall be determined from the price set forth in or actual consideration for the contract of sale;

(2) In the case of a gift, sale by execution upon a judgment or upon the foreclosure of a mortgage by a judicial officer, transactions without consideration or for consideration less than the actual monetary worth of the real estate, a taxable lease, an occupancy agreement, a leasehold or possessory

interest, any exchange of properties, or the real estate of an acquired company, the actual monetary worth of the real estate determined by adjusting the assessed value of the real estate for local real estate tax purposes for the common level ratio factor developed by the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue for Pennsylvania realty transfer tax base calculations as established by the State Equalization Board or a commensurate part of the assessment where the assessment includes other real estate;

(3) In the case of an easement or other interest in real estate the value of which is not determinable under clause (1) or (2), the actual monetary worth of such interest; or

(4) The actual consideration for or actual monetary worth of any executory agreement for the construction of buildings, structures or other permanent improvements to real estate between the grantor and other persons existing before the transfer and not removed thereby or between the grantor, the agent or principle of the grantor of a related corporation, association or partnership and the grantee existing before or effective with the transfer.

#### §4. Imposition of Tax

(a) Every person who makes, executes, delivers, accepts or presents for recording any document or in whose behalf and document is made, executed, delivered, accepted or presented for recording, shall be subject to pay for and in respect to the transaction or any part thereof, or for or in respect of the vellum parchment or paper upon which such document is written or printed, a tax at the rate of one percent (1%) of the value of the real estate represented by such document, which tax shall be payable at the earlier of the time the document is presented for recording or within thirty days of acceptance of such document or within thirty days of becoming an acquired company.

(b) The payment of the tax imposed herein shall be evidenced by the affixing of an official stamp or writing by the Recorder of Deeds whereon the date of the payment of the tax, the amount of the tax and the signature of the collecting agent shall be set forth.

(c) It is the intent of this ordinance that the entire burden of the tax imposed herein on a person or transfer shall not exceed the limitations prescribed in The Local Tax Enabling Act, Act of December 31, 1965, P.L. 1257, 53 P.S. §6901 et seq., so that if any other political subdivision shall impose or hereafter shall impose such tax on the same person or transfer then the provisions of that Act shall apply in apportioning the tax among the municipalities.

§5. Exempt Parties. The United States, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any of their instrumentalities, agencies or political subdivisions shall be exempt from payment of the tax imposed by this ordinance. The exemption of such governmental bodies shall not, however, relieve any other party to a transaction from liability for the tax.

#### §6. Excluded Transactions. The tax imposed by this ordinance shall not be imposed upon:

(1) A transfer to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or to any of its instrumentalities, agencies or political subdivisions, by gift, dedication or deed in lieu of condemnation or deed of confirmation in connection with condemnation proceedings, or a reconveyance by the condemning body of the property condemned to the owners of record at the time of condemnation, which reconveyance may include property line adjustments provided said reconveyance is made within one year from the date of condemnation.

(2) A document which the Township is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution or statutes of the United States.

(3) A conveyance to a municipality, township, school district or county pursuant to acquisition by the municipality, township, school district or county of a tax delinquent property at sheriff sale or tax claim bureau sale.

(4) A transfer for no or nominal actual consideration which corrects or confirms a transfer previously recorded, but which does not extend or limit existing record legal title or interest.

(5) A transfer of division in kind for no or nominal actual consideration of property passed by testate or intestate succession and held by co-tenants; however, if any of the parties take shares greater in value than their undivided interest, tax is due on the excess.

(6) A transfer between husband and wife, between persons who were previously husband and wife who have since been divorces, provided the property or interest therein subject to such transfer was acquired by the husband and wife or husband or wife prior to the granting of the final decree in divorce; between parent and child or the spouse of such child, between brother or sister or spouse of a brother or sister and brother or sister or the spouse of a brother or sister, and between a grandparent and grandchild or the spouse of such grandchild, except that a subsequent transfer by the grantee within one year shall be subject to tax as if the grantor were making such transfer.

(7) A transfer for no or nominal actual consideration of property passing by testate or intestate succession from a personal representative of a decedent to the decedent's devisee or heir.

(8) A transfer for no or nominal actual consideration to a trustee of an ordinary trust where the transfer of the same property would be exempt if the transfer was made directly from the grantor to all of the possible beneficiaries, whether or not such beneficiaries are contingent or specifically named. No such exemption shall be granted unless the Recorder of Deeds is presented with a copy of the trust instrument that clearly identifies the grantor and all possible beneficiaries.

(9) A transfer for no or nominal actual consideration from a trustee to a beneficiary of an ordinary trust.

(10) A transfer for no or nominal actual consideration from trustee to successor trustee.

(11) A transfer (i) for no or nominal actual consideration between principal and agent or straw party; or (ii) from or to an agent or straw party where, if the agent or straw party were his principal, no tax would be imposed under this article.

Where the document by which title is acquired by a grantee or statement of value fails to set forth that the property was acquired by the grantee from, or for the benefit of his principal, there is a rebuttable presumption that the property is the property of the grantee in his individual capacity if the grantee claims an exemption from taxation under this clause.

(12) A transfer made pursuant to the statutory merger or consolidation of a corporation or statutory division of a nonprofit corporation, except where the Department reasonably determines that the primary intent for such merger, consolidation or division is avoidance of the tax imposed by this ordinance.

(13) A transfer from a corporation or association of real estate held of record in the name of the corporation or association where the grantee owns stock of the corporation or an interest in the association in the same proportion as his interest in or ownership of the real estate being conveyed and where the stock of the corporation or the interest in the association has been held by the grantee for more than two years.

(14) A transfer from a nonprofit industrial development agency or authority to a grantee of property conveyed by the grantee to that agency or authority as security for a debt of the grantee or a transfer to a nonprofit industrial development agency or authority.

(15) A transfer from a nonprofit industrial development agency or authority to a grantee purchasing directly from it, but only if: (i) the grantee shall directly use such real estate for the primary purpose of manufacturing, fabricating, compounding, processing, publishing, research and development, transportation, energy conversion, energy production, pollution control, warehousing or agriculture; and (ii) the agency or authority has the full ownership interest in the real estate transferred.

(16) A transfer by a mortgagor to the holder of a bona fide mortgage in default in lieu of a foreclosure or a transfer pursuant to a judicial sale in which the successful bidder is the bona fide holder of a mortgage, unless the holder assigns the bid to another person.

(17) Any transfer between religious organizations or other bodies or persons holding title for a religious organization if such real estate is not being or has not been used by such transferor for commercial purposes.

(18) A transfer to a conservancy which possesses a tax exempt status pursuant to Section 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, (68A Stat. 3, 26 U.S.C. §501(c) (3) and which has as its primary purpose preservation of land for historic, recreational, scenic, agricultural or open space opportunities.

(19) A transfer of real estate devoted to the business of agriculture to a Family Farm Corporation by a member of the same family, which directly owns at least seventy-five percent of each class of the stock thereof.

(20) A transfer between members of the same family of an ownership interest in a Real Estate Company or Family Farm Corporation.

(21) A transaction wherein the tax due in One Dollar (\$1.00) or less.

(22) Leases for the production or extraction of coal, oil, natural gas or minerals and assignments thereof.

In order to exercise any exclusion provided in this section, the true, full and complete value of the transfer shall be shown on the statement of value. A copy of the Pennsylvania Realty Transfer Tax Statement of Value may be submitted for this purpose. For leases of coal, oil, natural gas or minerals, the statement of value may be limited to an explanation of the reason such document is not subject to tax under this ordinance.

§7. Documents Relating to Associations or Corporations and Members, Partners, Stock holders or Shareholders Thereof.

Except as otherwise provided in §6, documents which make, confirm or evidence any transfer or demise of title to real estate between associations or corporations and the members, partners, shareholders or stockholders thereof are fully taxable. For the purposes of this article, corporations and associations are entities separate from their members, partners, stockholders or shareholders.

§8. Acquired company.

(a) A real estate company is an acquired company upon a change in the ownership interest in the company, however effected, if the changes does: (1) not affect the continuity of the company, (2) and of itself or together with prior changes has the effect of transferring, directly or indirectly, ninety percent or more of the total ownership interest in the company within a period of three years.

(b) With respect to real estate acquired after February 16, 1986, a Family Farm Corporation is an acquired company when, because of voluntary or involuntary dissolution, it ceases to be a Family Farm Corporation or when, because of issuance or transfer of stock or because of acquisition or transfer of assets that are devoted to the business of agriculture, it fails to meet the minimum requirements of a Family Farm Corporation under this ordinance.

(c) Within thirty days after becoming an acquired company, the company shall present a declaration of acquisition with the recorder of each county in which it holds real estate for the affixation of documentary stamps or for the affixation of writing by the Recorder of Deeds as set forth in Section 4 above, and recording. Such declaration shall set forth the value of real estate holdings of the acquired company in such county. A copy of the Pennsylvania Realty Transfer Tax Declaration of Acquisition may be submitted for this purpose.

§9. Credits Against Tax.

(a) Where there is a transfer of a residential property by a licensed real estate broker, which property was transferred to him within the preceding year as consideration for the purchase of other residential property, a credit for the amount of the tax paid at the time of the transfer to him shall be given to him toward the amount of the tax due upon the transfer.

(b) Where there is a transfer by a builder of a residential property which was transferred to the builder within the preceding year as consideration for the purchase of new, previously unoccupied residential property, a credit for the amount of the tax paid at the time of the transfer to the builder shall be given to the builder toward the amount of the tax due upon the transfer.

(c) Where there is a transfer of real estate which is demised by the grantor, a credit for the amount of tax paid at the time of the demise shall be given the grantor toward the tax due upon the transfer.

(d) Where there is a conveyance by deed of real estate which was previously sold under a land contract by the grantor, a credit for the amount of tax paid at the time of the sale shall be given the grantor toward the tax due upon the deed.

(e) If the tax due upon the transfer is greater than the credit given under this §9, the difference shall be paid. If the credit allowed is greater than the amount or tax due, no refund or carry over credit shall be allowed.

§10. Determinations By Department of Revenue.

Whenever the amount of tax due to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania pursuant to 72 P.S. §8101-C et seq. upon final determination, redetermination or review by the Department of Revenue, is more than the amount actually paid to the Commonwealth on account thereof, such amount, including all interest or penalties thereon, shall be deemed to be the amount due and payable to the Township pursuant to this ordinance and shall be collectable by the Recorder of Deeds upon rerecording as hereinafter provided. If the amount of such tax as finally determined is less than the amount actually paid, then upon application to the Township together with proof of payment and final determination by the department of Revenue, the Township shall refund such portion of the overpayment that the Township actually received. All applications for refunds must be received by the Township within two (2) years of the date of payment for which a refund is requested.

§11. Extension of Lease. In determining the term of a lease, it shall be presumed that a right or option to renew or extend a lease will be exercised if the rental charge to the lessee is fixed or if a method for calculating the rental charge is established.

§12. Proceeds of Judicial Sale. The tax herein imposed shall be fully paid, and have priority out of the proceeds of any judicial sale of real estate before any other obligation, claim, lien, judgment, estate or cost of the sale and of the writ upon which the sale is made except the state realty transfer tax, and the sheriff, or other officer, conducting said sale, shall pay the tax herein imposed out of the first moneys paid to him in connection therewith. If the proceeds of the sale are insufficient to pay the entire tax herein imposed, the purchaser shall be liable for the remaining tax.

§13. Duties of Recorder of Deeds.

(a) As provided in 16 P.S. §11011-6, as amended by Act of July 7, 1983 (P.L. 40, No. 21), the Recorder of Deeds shall be the collection agent for the local realty transfer tax, including any amount payable to the Township based on a redetermination of the amount of tax due by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of the Pennsylvania realty transfer tax, without compensation from the Township.

(b) In order to ascertain the amount of taxes due when the property is located in more than one political subdivision, the Recorder of Deeds shall not accept for recording such a deed unless it is accompanied by a statement of value showing what taxes are due each municipality.

(c) On or before the tenth of each month, the Recorder of Deeds shall pay over to the Township all local realty transfer taxes collected, less two percent for use of the county, together with a report containing the information as is required by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in reporting collections of the Pennsylvania realty transfer tax. The two-percent commission shall be paid to the county.

(d) Upon a redetermination of the amount of realty transfer tax due by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the Recorder of Deeds shall rerecord the deed or record the additional realty transfer tax form only when both the state and local amounts and a rerecording or recording fee has been tendered.

§14. Statement of Value. Every document lodged with or presented to the Recorder of Deeds for recording, shall set forth therein and as a part of such document the true, full and complete value thereof, or shall be accompanied by a statement of value executed by a responsible person connected with the transaction showing such connection and setting forth the true, full and complete value thereof or the reason, if any, why such document is not subject to tax under this ordinance. A copy of the Pennsylvania Realty Transfer Tax Statement of Value may be submitted for this purpose. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any excludable real estate transfers which are exempt from taxation based on

family relationship. Other documents presented for the affixation of writing of the Recorder of Deeds as set forth in §4 or the affixation of stamps shall be accompanied by a certified copy of the document and statement of value executed by a responsible person connected with the transaction showing such connection and setting forth the true, full and complete value thereof or the reason, if any, why such document is not subject to tax under this ordinance.

§15. Civil Penalties.

(a) If any part of any underpayment of tax imposed by this ordinance is due to fraud, there shall be added to the tax an amount equal to fifty percent of the underpayment.

(b) In the case of failure to record a declaration required under this ordinance on the date prescribed therefor, unless it is shown that such failure is due to reasonable cause, there shall be added to the tax five percent of the amount of such tax if the failure is for not more than one month, with an additional five percent for each additional month or fraction thereof during which such failure continues, not exceeding fifty percent in the aggregate.

§16. Lien. The tax imposed by this ordinance shall be a lien upon the lands, tenements, or hereditaments, or any interest therein, lying, being situated, wholly or in part within the boundaries of the Township, which lands, tenements, hereditaments, or interest therein, are described in or conveyed by or transferred by the deed which is the subject of the tax imposed, assessed and levied by this ordinance, said lien to begin at the time when the tax under this ordinance is due and payable, and continue until discharge by payment, or in accordance with the law, and the solicitor is authorized to file a municipal or tax claim in the Court of Common Pleas of Bucks County, in accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Claims and liens Act of 1923, 53 P.S. §7101 et seq., its supplements and amendments.

§17. Enforcement. All Taxes imposed by this ordinance together with interest and penalties prescribed herein, shall be recoverable as other debts of like character are recovered.

§18. Regulations. The Township Secretary is charged with enforcement and collection of tax and is empowered to promulgate and enforce reasonable regulations for enforcement and collection of the tax. The regulations which have been promulgated by the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue under 72 P.S. §8101-C et seq., to the extent they are applicable, are incorporated into and made a part of this ordinance.

§19. Severability. Should any section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this ordinance be declared invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the ordinance in its entirety or of any part thereof other than that declared to be invalid.

§20. Repealer. To the extent any of the terms of Ordinance No. 17 enacted January 2, 1973 levying a real estate transfer tax under The Local Tax Enabling Act are contrary, repugnant to or inconsistent with the terms of this ordinance, such contrary, repugnant or inconsistent terms of that prior ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of such contrariness, repugnancy or inconsistency.

§21. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective thirty (30) days from date of enactment.

SECTION 2. In all other respects, the Ordinance No. 17 of the Township of Milford is hereby ratified and confirmed without further change.

ORDAINED AND ENACTED this 5th day of January A.D., 1987.

TOWNSHIP OF MILFORD

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Jack M Blough Jr

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John A Moyer

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Charles Strunk